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APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE		TLING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
09/779,558		02/09/2001	Yuichi Itoh	1254-0170P	6155	
2292	7590	05/20/2003				
BIRCH STEWART KOLASCH & BIRCH				EXAMINER		
PO BOX 7 FALLS CI		A 22040-0747	EGWIM, KELECHI CHIDI			
				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
				1713		
				DATE MAILED: 05/20/2003		

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

	Application No.	Applicant(s)					
	09/779,558	ITOH ET AL.					
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit					
	Dr. Kelechi C. Egwim	1713					
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address					
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status	36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be time within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days fill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	ely filed s will be considered timely. the mailing date of this communication O (35 U.S.C. 8 133).	n.				
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 28 M	March 2003						
· <u> </u>	s action is non-final.						
3)☐ Since this application is in condition for allowa		osecution as to the merits	ie				
closed in accordance with the practice under a Disposition of Claims			13				
4) Claim(s) 1-24 is/are pending in the application							
4a) Of the above claim(s) 9,10,14-16 and 21-24 is/are withdrawn from consideration.							
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.							
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-8,11-13 and 17-20</u> is/are rejected.							
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to.							
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner	•						
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accep	•						
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
11) The proposed drawing correction filed on		ved by the Examiner.					
If approved, corrected drawings are required in rep							
12) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exa	aminer.						
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120							
13) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f).					
a)⊠ All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents							
 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bur * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the prior action for a list of the list of the prior action for a list of the li	eau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).						
14) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic			on).				
a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language pro 15)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic	visional application has been rec	eived.	,				
Attachment(s)	2 120	warred with the Ti					
 Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No(s) <u>5</u> 	5) Notice of Informal P	(PTO-413) Paper No(s) Patent Application (PTO-152)					
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DETAILED ACTION

Election/Restrictions

- 1. Applicant's affirmation of the election of Group I, claims 1-8, 11-13 and 17-20 in Paper No. 5 is acknowledged. Because applicant did not distinctly and specifically point out the supposed errors in the reasoning for the restriction requirement, the election has been treated as an election without traverse (MPEP § 818.03(a)).
- 2. Newly submitted claim 24 is directed to an invention that is independent or distinct from the invention originally claimed for the following reasons: Claim 24 is directed to a method of preparing the claimed composition by dynamic heat treatment while the elected claims are to the composition itself. Claim 24 is consistent with the nonelected Group II.

Accordingly, claim 24 is withdrawn from consideration as being directed to a non-elected invention. See 37 CFR 1.142(b) and MPEP § 821.03.

3. This application contains claims 9, 10, 14-16 and 21-24, drawn to nonelected inventions. A complete reply to the final rejection must include cancellation of nonelected claims or other appropriate action (37 CFR 1.144) See MPEP § 821.01.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102/103

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4. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

- (b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.
- 5. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 6. Claims 1-8, 11 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Rinehart (USPN 4,220,579), Mathews et al. (USPN 4,239,862) or Abdou-Sabet et al. (USPN 4,311,628), for reasons cited in the first Office action.
- 7. Claims 1-8, 11-13 and 17-20 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Sezaki et al. (USPN 4,728,692) or Otawa et al. (USPN 4,818,785), for reasons cited in the first Office action.

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Response to Arguments

8. Applicant's arguments filed 3/28/03 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

9. Regarding applicant's arguments that the cited prior art does not disclose the claimed properties, as stated in the previous action, while the prior art may not expressly teach the disclosed properties in the claimed composition (i.e., the evaporation loss or kinetic viscosity of the paraffinic oil), it is reasonable that the composition of the prior art would possess the presently claimed properties since the compositions, including the paraffinic oils **as claimed**, are essentially the same as the claimed composition and the USPTO does not have at its disposal the tools or facilities deemed necessary to make physical determinations of the sort. In any event, an otherwise old composition is not patentable regardless of any new or unexpected properties. In re Fitzgerald et al , 619 F.2d 67, 205 USPQ 594 (CCPA 1980). See MPEP § 2112 - § 2112.02.

Even if assuming that the prior art references do not meet the requirements of 35 U.S.C. 102, it would still have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, at the time the invention was made, to arrive at the same inventive composition because the disclosure of the inventive subject matter appears within the generic disclosure of the prior art.

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10. In response to applicant's arguments regarding the evaporation loss of the oils in

the citied prior art, firstly applicant only points to the oils in three examples from two out

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of the five cited prior art references, with no reference to the oils in the other three

references, but attempts to make generalizations about the entire teaching of the prior

art based on these selected examples from the two reference. This is improper and not

persuasive.

Secondly, regarding the references that are discussed to in the arguments, applicant's table 1 in the response does not even list evaluation losses for these selected oils and it is unclear what bases applicant has for asserting novelty over then based on their evaporation losses.

11. Finally, in response to applicant's argument that the references fail to show certain features of applicant's invention, it is noted that the features upon which applicant relies (i.e., the oils are obtain by cutting low molecular weight components form a commercially available paraffinic oil) are not recited in the rejected claim(s). Although the claims are interpreted in light of the specification, limitations from the specification are not read into the claims. See *In re Van Geuns*, 988 F.2d 1181, 26 USPQ2d 1057 (Fed. Cir. 1993).

Further, the present specification (page 25, ¶ 1) teaches such low molecular weight content paraffinic oils to have kinetic viscosities from 200 to 1000 cSt while the present claims require paraffinic oils with kinetic viscosities from 50 to 250 cSt.

12. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL.** Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Dr. Kelechi C. Egwim whose telephone number is (703) 306-5701. The examiner can normally be reached on M-T (7:30-6:00).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, David Wu can be reached on (703) 308-2450. The fax phone numbers for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned are (703) 872-9310 for regular communications and (703) 872-9311 for After Final communications.

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Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the receptionist whose telephone number is (703)308-0661.

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May 16, 2003